

EVALUATION OF CURANT



Rilke Mahieu & Laura Van Raemdonck – Centre for Migration and Intercultural Studies (CeMIS) & Noel Clycq (Edubron)



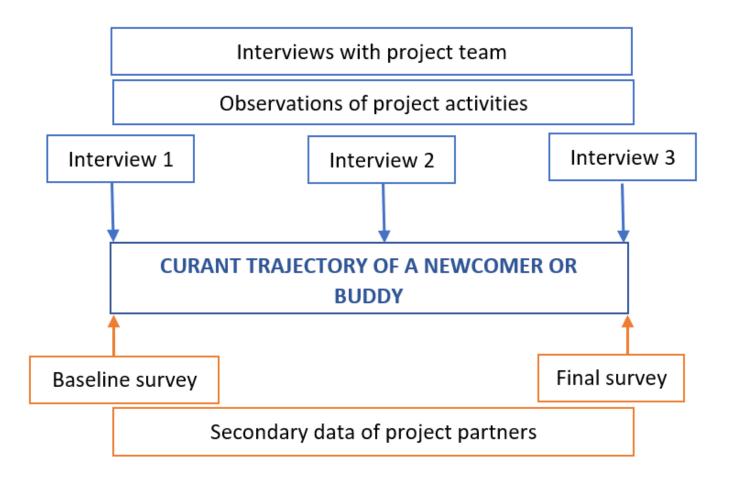
GOAL

To support the social and structural integration of young unaccompanied refugees in Belgium

MAIN STRATEGIES A. Communal Living Strengths & Challenges B. Case Management Strengths & Challenges



HOW? Mixed-method, longitudinal evaluation approach



Has CURANT supported young unaccompanied newcomers' social and structural integration in Belgian society?

If so, how did this happen?



Newcomers' self-evaluation

(1) Dutch language skills

(2) Feeling confident to speak Dutch

(3) Understanding Dutch

(4) Finding my way through the Belgian/Flemish/local administration(5) My well-being (my happiness, satisfaction with my life)

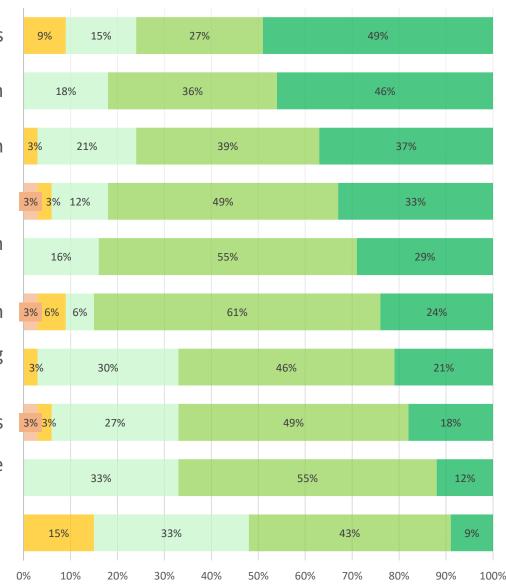
(6) How often I use Dutch

(7) My social skills (talking to people, making friends, ...)

(8) Understanding Flemish/Belgian habits

(9) My knowledge of Flanders/Belgium and the Flemish/Belgian society

(10) Managing my finances



© CeMIS

■ Worse ■ Same as before CURANT ■ A little better ■ Better ■ A lot better

A. Communal Living

MAIN STRENGTHS (1): Almost permanent **availability** of various types of **informal support to newcomers**

"What I used to do [before], when I did not understand something: I took a picture of it, and showed it to my teacher or social worker when I saw her. **But the people here [in this house], they support you on the spot... I can go downstairs if I have a question or so, it is perfect.**" (Syrian newcomer)



© Ine Haine

A. Communal Living

MAIN STRENGTHS (2): A stimulating environment for **mutual informal learning**



© Ine Haine

EVERYDAY PRACTICES *Learning to recycle, to fix something small, to get around in the city, ...*

LANGUAGE LEARNING *Practicing Dutch language in a safe environment*

CULTURAL EMPATHY *Getting to know about one another's lives, backgrounds and cultures*

Newcomers: Dutch language competencies

"My Dutch is quite better than before, because before I lived alone. Now I live with other people. Now I feel more confident to ask questions. For example, when we're watching TV together, then I'm not afraid to ask what the programme is about, or what the meaning of this word is." (Iraqi newcomer)



More than 3 out of 4 newcomers say that their Dutch language skills, confidence to speak Dutch and understanding of Dutch have improved significantly due to CURANT



O Ine Haine

Buddies: intercultural competencies

"It is almost impossible to <u>not</u> learn a lot after living together with people from a completely different culture. **My way of discussing sensitive topics with people that have another opinion and frame of reference has changed a lot.**" (male buddy living together with different newcomers).

Almost all buddies indicate that their knowledge about the cultures and habits of refugees has expanded.

A. Communal Living

MAIN CHALLENGES

- For almost 1 out of 5 matched newcomer-buddy duos, communal living did not work out well
- In many houses, social contact between newcomers and their buddies remained rather superficial
- The sustainability of buddy-refugee relationships is uncertain

39% of the newcomers and 61% of the buddies indicate they do not know if they will keep in contact after CURANT.

Evaluation outcome: explanations for variety

Amount, depth and nature of daily social contact among housemates varies due to following reasons:

- diverging motivations and conflicting expectations
- busy daily schedules
- language barriers
- type of accommodation
- gender, SES



© Ine Haine

B. CURANT's Case Management

MAIN STRENGTHS

- Multi-disciplinary cooperation → quality of guidance
- A low number of individual cases per case manager → accessibility, quality, and flexibility of professional care and support



B. CURANT's Case Management

MAIN CHALLENGES

- Too ambitious
- Information sharing
- Position of case manager
- More care vs. more control

Main evaluation outcomes

CURANT's approach, offering

- housing
- professional and informal support
- learning opportunities
 contributes to young
 unaccompanied
 newcomers' inclusion in
 society.



Main evaluation outcomes



- Not a one-size-fits-all solution
- Intensive, temporary care vs. long-term needs
- Individual versus structural problems

Thanks for your attention!

Rilke.Mahieu@uantwerpen.be Laura.Vanraemdonck@uantwerpen.be Noel.Clycq@uantwerpen.be

https://www.uantwerpen.be/en/researchgroups/cemis/projects-and-publications/specific-

project-sites,

https://uia-initiative.eu/en/uia-cities/antwerp

